


ANNALS  
OF  
HORSMANSHIP





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*The Apotheosis of GEOFFERY GAMBADO.  
From a Capital Picture by Young TITIAN, painted by order of the Doge of Venice, and  
deposited in the Pococurante Gallery.*





A N N A L S  
OF  
*H O R S E M A N S H I P :*

CONTAINING ACCOUNTS OF  
ACCIDENTAL EXPERIMENTS,  
AND  
EXPERIMENTAL ACCIDENTS,

BOTH SUCCESSFUL AND UNSUCCESSFUL:

COMMUNICATED BY VARIOUS CORRESPONDENTS  
TO

GEOFFREY GAMBADO, ESQ.

JUROR OF THE ACADemy FOR GROWN HORSEMEN.

WHICH WILL  
GIVE EXTENSIVE KNOWLEDGE, AND ANSWERS  
QUESTIONS, BY THAT ACADemy OF GROWN HORSEMEN.

AND NOW FIRST PUBLISHED,  
BY THE EDITOR OF THE ACADEMY FOR  
GROWN HORSEMEN.

---

ILLUSTRATED WITH CUTS BY THE MOST  
EMINENT ARTISTS.

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L O N D O N :

PRINTED FOR W. DICKINSON, NO. 24, OLD BOND STREET, S. W. 1; AND  
J. LEECH, AND J. VINTAGE,  
DAME STREET, DUBLIN.

MDCCLXII.





The Author of *GRAPHER'S GAZETTEER*

London: Printed by J. G. ALLEN, Stationer, near the Temple Church, in the Strand.



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*The EDITOR to the READER.*

THE Public is in high luck to obtain any thing more that comes from the pen of Geoffrey Gambado. A former publication has nearly immortalized him, and I trust the present will do it completely. It is true this work is chiefly composed of Letters addrest to him, but his remarks and replies are added to them; and had it not been for Geoffrey, such letters had never made their appearance; perhaps never been written. What had been such a loss to the community! I will venture to affirm that few, very few, have heard of such extraordinary cases, such novel ideas, and such obvious and salutary advice as are contained in the following pages. Were I to  
mention

mention the odd place in which I found the MSS. copy of this work, it might create laughter---

“ A passion hateful to my purposes :”

For having the safety of man's neck in my eye at this present writing, I think it no laughing matter; and shall therefore deem it sufficient to say, I have found it, and have now the satisfaction of laying it before the world.

A paltry publication has lately made its appearance, on the same construction as this. It is a periodical thing, entitled *The Annals of Agriculture*, and will, I dare say, be of much use in the chandlers shops. This too, like Geoffrey's edifying collection of letters, treats on propagation, cultivation, preservation, the good of the nation, &c. &c. But when we once consider for a moment the different objects the authors claim our attention in behalf of---Should even a potatoe enter the lists with a poney, my blood rises---my choler is excited.

Talk

Talk of propagation! Would the blockheads have us hesitate between a horse chesnut, and a chesnut horse! Common sense forbids it (particularly as it is to be the fashionable colour in harness this time five years); and as for preservation---Which should humanity first extend her arm to save? A cabbage or a cockney---A captain or a cauliflower? For these reasons I lament seeing, monthly, the names of several respectable friends of mine, affixed to a work of such subordinate consideration. Had they spent as much time in riding upon turnips, as they have in writing upon them, they might ere now have belonged to the first hunts in the country, and most fashionable clubs in town. But I fear the filk purse and the fows ear are but too applicable to most of them.

In the ladies, however, Geoffrey will undoubtedly find warm advocates. Those lovely creatures, who delight so much in the propagation of their own beautiful species, will ever support the Animal System in preference to the Vegetable; nor

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waste their precious time and consideration on a carrot, which may be so much better employed in furnishing a cradle.

And whilst the frantic farmers that furnish their stuff for the Annals of Agriculture, shall be puzzling their brains to preserve a ragged flock of sheep from the rot, the fair sex shall be more nobly employed in the preservation of beauty, and what is more puzzling, though we daily see it attempted---the preservation of even The Human Face Divine, itself.

Emboldened by these considerations, that the Annals of Horsemanship will speedily drive the Annals of Agriculture out of the house of every man and woman of taste and feeling, I do not hesitate to foresee. From his answers to some of the following letters it appears, that Mr. Gambado was somewhat irritable, as in a postscript, page he rather snubs his correspondent for asking his advice. It should likewise seem that he was at this time rather short of cash, for he appears to have

have given advice for a fee ; and once, if I recollect, treats of bad shillings. This, indeed, might a little sour his natural disposition, which I have reason to believe, from his physiognomy, was placid and amiable. I am told he seldom rode himself ; and the only time he went six miles on horseback, he wore a pair of Diaculum drawers. That such an author should be no rider may appear marvellous at first, but, on reflection, we must acknowledge that we daily find people speaking and writing on what they know nothing at all about. Herein Geoffrey exceeds all I ever heard of : for such a book of knowledge as his Academy for Grown Horsemen, never yet made an appearance in the world.

The Editor, therefore, of The Academy for Grown Horsemen has now to congratulate the public on the discovery of another work from the pen of the much-admired Geoffrey Gambado ; a work that contains some of the most useful and extraordinary experiments, perhaps, ever made in  
Horsemanship :

Horsemanship: several curious customs and opinions of ingenious gentlemen, little known to the world, and some collected from very choice, but remote publications; together with (what will be no doubt esteemed invaluable), Geoffrey's most ingenious suggestions, and prescriptions towards the removal of every difficulty and danger incidental to that most noble art: his answers to some queries put to him, and his criticisms on others that were un-answerable.

By the putting forth of this work the public must be let into much useful knowledge. The many practical attempts and achievements herein recorded prove, beyond a doubt, that such things have been; and having been, that in all probability such things are. And even those experiments that have not been attended, hitherto, with perfect success, may yet, like balloons, turn out to the most valuable account, when taken into hand by more skilful philosophers. The Editor here begs Leave to remark, that the Diaculum Drawers above-mentioned



mentioned, are the only fabrics of the kind he ever heard of, and verily believes they are hitherto non-descript. He has some reason to think they are yet extant (and should they be, they are worthy the search of the Dilettanti); for a sort of flannel breeches, apparently prepared in the same manner, but much damaged by time, &c. were last week offered to the Leverian Museum, but are said, for delicate reasons, to have been rejected by the proprietor as unfit for exhibition. What false delicacy! when the man pesters us every day with a non-descript in the papers; some old stinking fish, that never could be of service to man, woman, or beast! whereas the drawers, like the North-west passage, if they could be once discovered, might prove hereafter of the greatest fundamental consequence to mankind at large, the Venetians only excepted.

THE EDITOR.









*H. Bunbury Esq. Delin.*

*M. Gambado seeing the World; in a Six Mile Tour so famed in History*

LAKES, FORESTS, CITIES, PLAINS, EXTENDED WIDE

THE POMP OF KINGS THE SHEPHERDS HUMBLER PRIDE.

LONDON, Publish'd March 25, 1791, by W. DICKINSON N<sup>o</sup> 24 Old Bond Street.



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## GEOFFREY GAMBADO

### TO THE READER.

I FLATTER myself the following compilation will not prove unwelcome to the Public ; it blends information with amusement, and confirms how general is the thirst for knowledge in the present times, which is not to be idly checked by the loss of a limb or a life. The adventurers of this age are divided into two classes---*per mare, per terras*---of which latter description are my correspondents. These of the former, fancy they discover much, by being at sea for months together without sight of land---by the wanting wine and water, and getting neither---but at length espying something like an island unknown ; it is perhaps more

D

like



*Portrait of a Gentleman on Horseback*  
The artist has skillfully rendered the texture of the horse's coat and the details of the rider's attire. The composition is balanced, with the horse and rider occupying the central portion of the frame. The background is minimal, emphasizing the subjects.



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D

like

like an owzle than any one laid down in the charts. They do actually discover, however, that the natives will not let them go ashore, and that they must return as wise as they came. They discover that they have little left to eat, and less to drink ; that they must live by fucking each others shirts for half a year, arrive miraculously at home, and write a book about it.

My Correspondents are of a different stamp ; they discover that there is much left unfound out at home, and seem to be meritoriously employed in consequence. Going abroad, with them, I take to be only going out of the house and seeing the world, a laudable ride of a dozen miles. This opinion of seeing the world tempts me to digress a little. My apothecary, a man of knowledge and judgment, but who, no more than myself, had ever been above six miles from home, being obliged to visit a patient at the distance of twenty, actually returned in amazement, and assured me, he could not have thought the world was so big.

These

These were his very words---and was not it mighty natural?

To shew how much of the natural he had in him, I cannot refrain from adding, that, having past a turnpike or two, for the first time, in this excursion, he was in raptures at the piety of the people thereabouts; for he told me, that they had the Belief and the Ten Commandments painted upon blue boards at every gate---though he past through and could not read them, having left his spectacles at home.

Pardon, gentle Reader, this digression, which has informed you of an anecdote rather extraordinary. If you do not believe it, and should find out the subject, who was himself the narrator; don't venture to tell him so---He is a passionate man, rather inclined to let blood, and may perhaps, if you commit yourself to him, put you to death.

To return to business---The letters I have received have required a clever arrangement; and I  
thought



thought it better to add my answers, or remarks, immediately to each, than to huddle the letters into one part, and the answers into a second. Cuts were also thought necessary towards the clearing up of some of the most blind descriptions of awkward situations and queer accidents which, I confess, are, here and there, but lamely made out by the writers. I wish my delineator may have succeeded in those I set him to. Several I have received, inclosed in letters from the sufferers, or experimental philosophers themselves, many of which are frightfully descriptive.

I request my Readers will be more attentive to what is contained in the following pages, than they were to my History of Cruppers, this being of a much more serious tendency---and a publication that for its salutary or wholesome advice ought to be printed for brass \*. Some of the letters, indeed, border

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\* Left the Printer should forget his *erratum*, I must suggest, that Mr. G. could never mean FOR but IN brass.

Mr. G. mentions his History of Cruppers—a work new to my ears—but I shall be diligent in my search after it.

on frivolity, and some even on folly ; but as they may divert, though they will not instruct, I shall not omit them ; for bread, though tasteless, makes a savory dish go down the better. And that this book may go down, I mean with the Town, now, and to Posterity by and by, when it has served its time and my turn here (for I expect some fame from it), is the very earnest wish of, courteous Reader, your very faithful humble Servant,

G. GAMBADO.

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## LETTER THE FIRST.

MR. GAMBADO!

**I** Return you my most hearty thanks for the very salutary advice you sent me last month, from which I have derived much improvement, and should have acknowledged sooner, had I made sufficient trial of the fine machine you recommended in such warm terms. My Hobby, as I told you before, is an admirable animal, and finely calculated for a pensive man, like myself, to take the air upon. It was a pity he was so prone to tumble, and that too, in stony roads the most; for he was otherwise bordering on perfection. So I sent for a carpenter, on the receipt of your recipe, and had a large Puzzle of Oak made for him, after  
the

the pattern of those worn by the Squire's Pointers; and I have found it answer prodigiously.

I have had nothing like a bad fall lately, except one day in cantering over a ploughed field, where, upon a blunder, the machine entered the ground with such force as to introduce a portion of the Hobby's head along with it. We came clean over, and for some time I thought my Hobby's neck was broke. I did not mind it myself, but I shall take care in future always to gallop on the hard road, and then such another catastrophe cannot ensue.

I am, Sir,

Your very obsequious humble Servant,

CALEB CASSOCK.

EYE, SUFFOLK.

*P. S.* I forgot to tell you my Parishioners stare at me a good deal. The Machine has an odd appearance, I own; but not altogether unpicturesque. I got the Drawing-master of Mr. Birch's school to send you a sketch of me. It is esteemed a likeness. That of the Hobby is rather flattering.

I have





DOCTOR CANNON OF WILKES, 1750, mounted on his horse, and holding the reins of his horse, as he was riding to the aid of the British army, during the battle of the Clouds, in the year 1750.

The original of this picture is in the possession of the late Sir John Lubbock, Bart. and is now in the collection of the Earl of Albemarle.

ANNALS OF HORSEMANSHIP.

the picture of these were by the Squire's Pointers; and I have found it correct prodigiously.

I have had nothing like a bad fall lately, except one due to stumbling over a ploughed field, where, upon a blunder, the saddle entered the ground with such force as to introduce a portion of the Hobby's head along with it. We came clean over, and for some time I thought my Hobby's neck was broke. I did not mind it myself, but I shall take care in future always to gallop on the hard road, and then such another catastrophe cannot ensue.

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W. Dickinson del.  
**DOCTOR CASSOCK F.R.S. T.P.Q.** Inventor of the noble puzzle for tumble-down HORSES  
 TE VENIENTE DIE, TE DECEDENTE CANEBAM.  
 LONDON, Published March 25; 1791, by W. DICKINSON, N<sup>o</sup> 21 Old Bond Street.

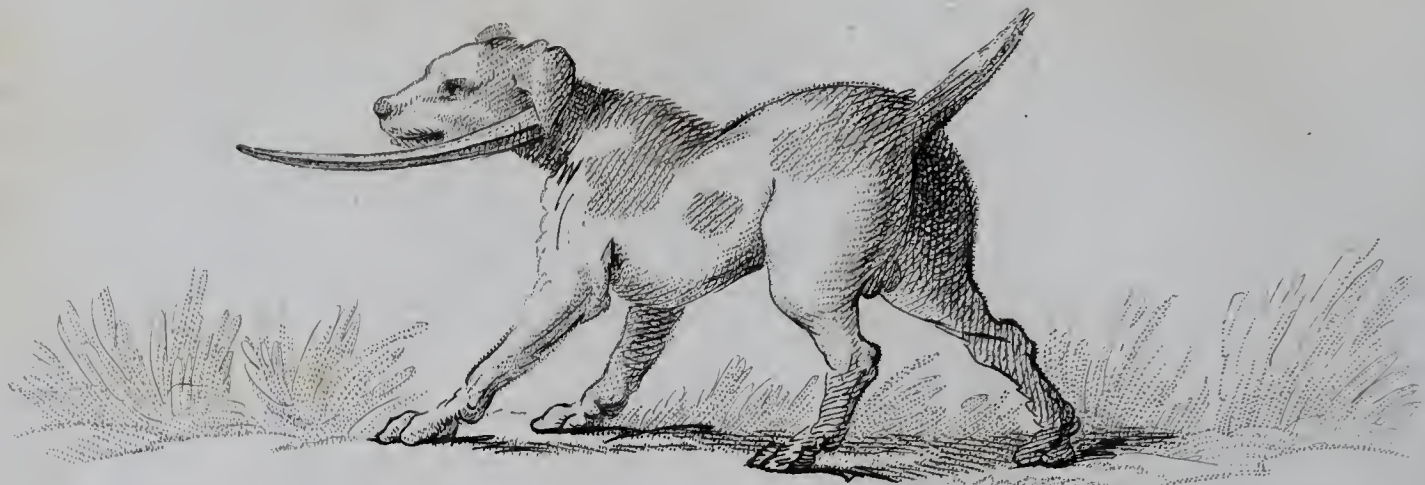




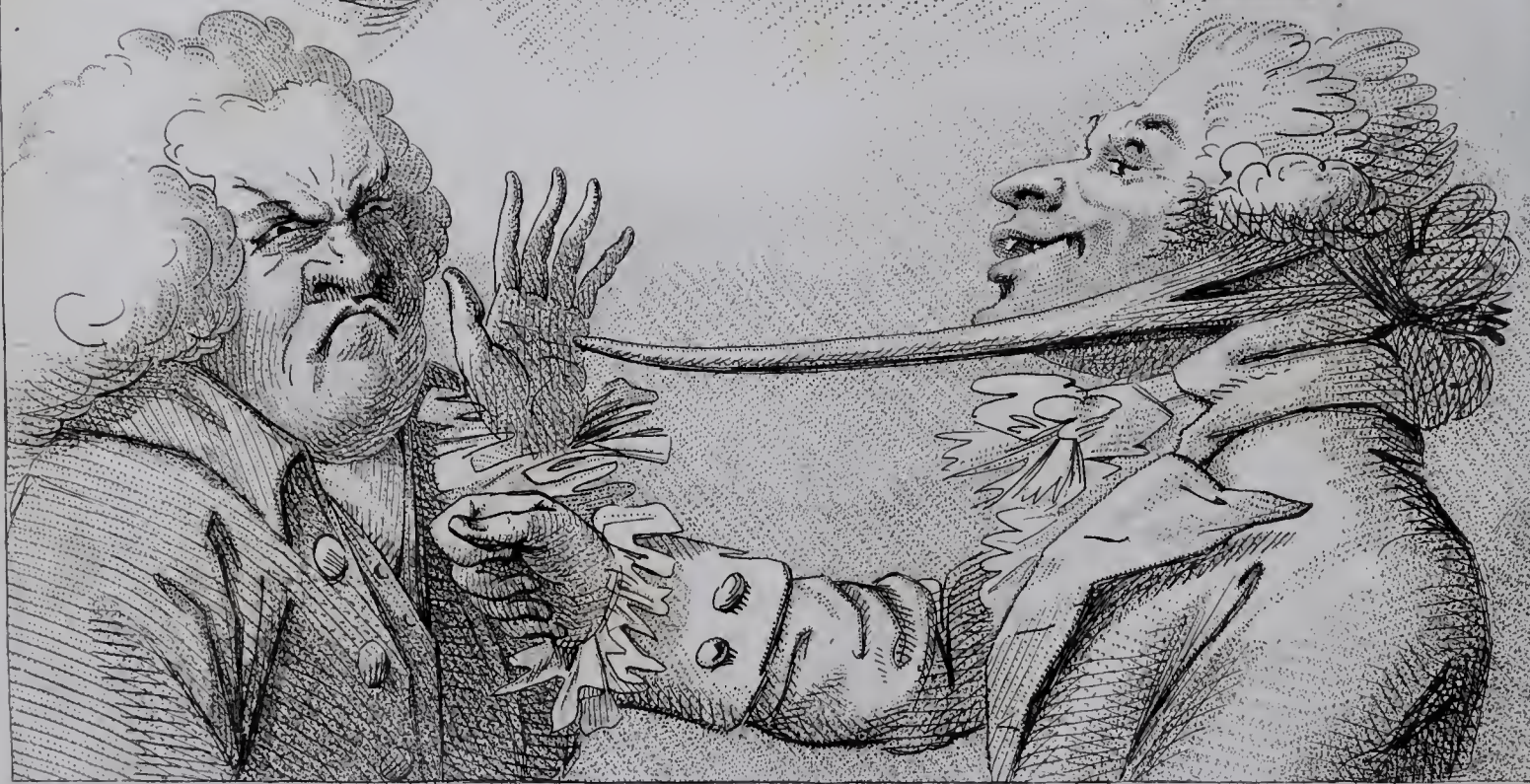
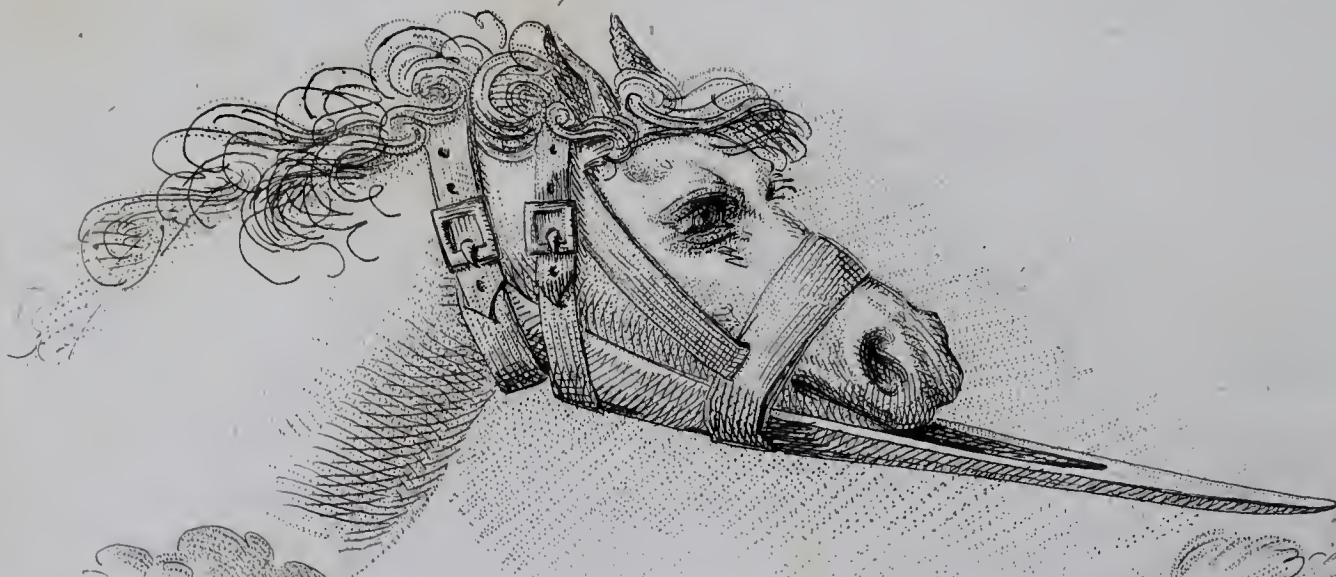




*The Puzzle for the Dog.*



*The Puzzle for the Horse.*



W. Bunbury Esq. Delin.

*The Puzzle for Turk, Frenchman, or Christian.*

LONDON, Published March 25<sup>th</sup> 1791, by W. DICKINSON, at 21 Old Broad Street.



I have sent you a sketch of my Puzzle for Dog and Horse, and a scheme for puzzling a Christian.

C. C.

M Y R E M A R K S .

I am happy to find the Puzzle for horses so well received, and I could not, even to the most kind and generous, by such a right-minded, generous Gentleman, who was, as also so good a horseman, and understands all the matter so well, that, by producing his name, I shall be able to get a patent for it, which cannot but prove me successful; for who has the horse that he will not be able to puzzle down?

For a puzzle, which is a question that would puzzle every man or woman, as I think you are a horseman.

Though Dr. Shaw himself, who is a great horseman, has the modesty to assure us, that the history books will tumble down; yet even he has not the effrontery to say that they never tumble down!

I received the sketches of the Puzzles for Dogs and Horses; and hold it fit an etching should be made of them, for the information of those who never saw such puzzles.

The scheme for puzzling Christians I have not drawn out of



THE DOG, IN THE ACT OF POINTING.



I have sent you also a sketch of my Puzzle for Dog and Horse, and a scheme for puzzling a Christian.

C. C.

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M Y R E M A R K S.

I am happy to find the Puzzle has answered so well ; and I doubt not, now it has been tried and approved by such a right-headed, Reverend Gentleman, one who is also so good a horseman, and understands all the matter so well, that, by producing his name, I shall be able to get a patent for it, which cannot but prove very lucrative ; for who has the horse that he will swear will never tumble down ?

This I believe would be a question that would pose (upon oath) every man on horseback in Hyde Park on a Sunday.

Though Dr. Shaw himself, who is a great traveller indeed, has the modesty to assure us, that the Barbary horses never lie down ; yet even he has not the effrontery to say that they never tumble down !

I received the sketches of the Puzzles for Dogs and Horses ; and hold it fit an etching should be made of them, for the information of those who never saw such machines.

The schemes for puzzling Christians, I suppose, dropt out

F

of

of the letter, for I never got it. There are, however, so many schemes of that sort already about town, that it is no loss, I dare say.

G. G.

My Correspondent, I believe, did not dislike sitting for his picture—there appears such an amiable smile in his countenance, and he says too it is esteemed a likeness.

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*Note to Letter the First.*

Although this Puzzle for a Christian, as he calls it, was dropt, I can conceive its being of use, if put upon one of those long story-tellers who catch hold of your button, and thrust their nose and mouth in your face, when perhaps it is highly necessary to keep them at arms length. In the adjoining Plate, therefore, are delineated not only the Canini and Equestrian, but also the Christian Puzzle.

LETTER

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LETTER THE SECOND.

SIR,

**Y**OUR fame having reached us here, I set down with pleasure to write to a man who I am certain will have an equal pleasure in satisfying the doubts that now occupy my mind. I would proceed and state every difficulty I find in the treatment and guidance of a horse, to which animal I confess I am rather an alien, although I have happily attained (yesterday it was) my thirty-fifth year. I was bred to a business that debarred me from an amusement for which I seem formed by nature, being, Sir, very short in the fork, and what our wits call duck legged, and all my weight lying atop: and it was not till I emerged, as I may say, from the counting house, that I could make a trial of my abilities as a horseman. I  
really



really think I am going on well, that I am in a state of daily amendment and progressive improvement. The questions I have to put to you Sir are so short and simple that I will not divert your attention from them a bit longer, but put them down as they arise—they require nothing but an answer.

### Q U E R I E S.

1. What part of my horse must I lay hold of to help me up, for his mane is cut off?

2. If he will turn to the left when I want to go to the right, how can I help it?

3. If he flips his girths, and the crupper is of no use, what will supply its place?

4. Should he tumble down by day-light, whether you think he would in the dark?

5. What a breast-plate is? We have heard of it here, but our Sadler does not know how to make one. The Adjutant of the Militia says it is a sort of armour, to prevent the horse hurting himself by running against a waggon or a wall. But I say it can't be; because the horse's head should be armed, as that  
would

would hit the wall first, and prevent his breast receiving any damage. - Pray solve this by return of post, as many betts are depending on it at our next Club.

6. How can I keep a horse cheap?

7. What is my best way to sell a bad horse, if I don't like him?

These are a few of the trifling questions I shall beg leave to trouble you with from time to time: and as it will be extremely easy, and, I dare say, agreeable to you, to answer them, I shall make no apology but with my assurance that I am, Sir,

Your devoted and very humble Servant,

SAMUEL FILLAGREE.

*G. Gambado, Esq.*

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This fellow, with his assurance, appeared to be such a puppy, I could not answer him for some months; indeed his queries rather posed me; but his fees came in fast, and I was fain to solve them as well as I could.

The first I left to his better judgment, only suggesting that the ear of the horse and the pommel of the saddle

G

were

were all that offered themselves in lieu of a mane, if his horse had none.

The second I could not assist him in.

The folly of the third raised my choler, and involving with it the fifth, I had not patience to enter on either of them; so I fear the betts at the Club are not yet decided.

The fourth and sixth were extremely easy to be answered; I never met with two queries more so. But the seventh, skilful as I am, I confess I could not reply to, to my Correspondent's satisfaction: and I shall be much bound to any of my Readers, who will tell me, how the business therein stated is to be brought about; being ever open to conviction, and not yet too old to learn.

G. G.

## LETTER THE THIRD.

From a Half-way House between CAMBRIDGE and NEWMARKET.

SIR,

MARCH 26, 1789.

HAVING long been earnestly engaged in the study of mathematical science, and being fond of riding, two pursuits usually thought incompatible, I have been enabled, by means of this singular



gular union, to strike out some important discoveries in both branches. The mathematical improvements in riding will, I hope, deserve a place in the Annals of Horsemanship: my equestrian discoveries in mathematics you must permit me to reserve for the Ladies Diary.

My love for equestrian agitation is, I believe, more general than that of any other person ; for whatever satisfaction may be usually experienced by riders while they continue on the backs of their horses, I have never yet met with or been informed of one, who received any sensible delight from the circumstance of being violently projected from the saddle. But here, Sir, from my passionate fondness for the mathematics, I enjoy a manifest advantage. From the concussions, repercussions, and every other kind of compound motion which can be generated consistently with the due support of the centre of gravity, I enjoy, I will venture to say, at least as much satisfaction as any other rider : and at the time of being thrown off, or, in  
more

more proper language, projected from the horse, I experience a peculiar delight in recollecting that, by the universal laws of projectiles, I must, in my flight through the air, describe that beautiful conic section, a parabola.

After some accidents of this nature, I have been fortunate enough, notwithstanding the violent re-action of the ground in consequence of the strong action of my skull against it, to preserve my sense sufficiently to be able to ascertain the curve so generated by my body to describe it on paper, and demonstrate its peculiar properties: and am not without hope, if I can meet with horses not too sure-footed, by frequent experiments, to determine what kind of parabola it is safest to describe; which problem will, I apprehend, be found very serviceable in practice, at the City Hunt in Easter week, and during the celebration of Epsom races.

Not long ago, by a particular convulsion of the animal from which I was so fortunate as to fall, I was very irregularly thrown to the earth, but had  
the



the satisfaction afterwards to discover that the curve described in my fall was a segment of a very eccentric ellipse, of which the saddle was one focus; and that it was nearly, if not exactly, the same with the path of the comet now expected to return. And once, by a succussion still more anomalous, I was happy enough to describe a new curve, which I found to possess some very amazing properties; and I hope effectually to immortalize my own name, by calling it *Lemma's first Hippopiptic* \* curve.

The first equestrian problem that I ever set myself to discover was this; "When by pulling the reins you prevent a horse from falling, where is the fulcrum or prop?---and how is the horse's centre of gravity prevented from being thrown beyond the base of his legs?" I will not trouble you now with the particulars of this difficult in-

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\* *Hippopiptic* expresses the mode of the curve's generation in falling from a horse:—from *Hippos*, a horse, and *pipto*, to fall. I call it *first*, because I hope by the same means to discover more hereafter.

H

vestigation;

vestigation ; but shall only say, that it turned out greatly to the honour of demipique saddles ; which, accordingly, in the Mathematical Elements of Riding, that I mean hereafter to publish, I shall recommend very strongly in a Corollary.

A learned Student in Mathematics has long published his ability and desire to construct breeches upon geometrical principles \*.

Mr. Nunn is certainly ingenious, and his breeches, a few salient angles excepted, admirable ; but the artist who should make bridles, saddles, and other equestrian paraphernalia, by the rules of pure mathematics, would render a much more praise-worthy service to the Public. For if the

\* Mr. Nunn's advertisement is as follows :

“ BREECHES-MAKING improved by GEOMETRY.”

“ Thomas Nunn, Breeches-maker, No. 29, Wigmore-street, Cavendish-square, has invented a system on a mathematical principle, by which difficulties are solved, and errors corrected : its usefulness for ease and neatness in fitting, is incomparable, and is the only perfect rule for that work ever discovered. Several hundreds (noblemen, gentlemen, and others) who have had proof of its utility, allow it to excel all they ever made trial of.”

flimsy



flimsy leather of breeches require geometrical cutting, how much more necessary must it be to the tough hide which forms the bridle? and to what purpose will the geometry in the breeches operate, if the saddle, by which they are to be supported, and whose superficies they are to touch in as many points as possible, be formed ungeometrically? But I forbear to expatiate on a matter as plain as an axiom of Euclid; trusting, that whoever can perceive the utility of geometrical breeches, will readily argue, *à fortiori*, to the absolute necessity of geometrical saddles and bridles.

Pursuing my principles, I have demonstrated what is the right line to be drawn by the mathematical rider in every difficult situation. In ascending a horse's back, at what angle to extend the moveable leg, while the fixed one is rested in the stirrup: in leaping, how to regulate the oscillation, or balancing, of the body, by attending carefully to that fundamental point which is your centre of motion: in starting, how to dispose of the  
superfluous

superfluous momentum, and thereby to preserve in full force the attraction of cohesion between rump and saddle : in rearing, at what angle, formed by the horse's back with the plane of the horizon, it is most advisable to slide down over his tail ; which, I maintain, is the only expedient that can be practised with a mathematical certainty of being safe : these, and many other important secrets, I am ready, at any time when called upon, to communicate. One I cannot even now withhold, which is this : that there is no good or truly geometrical riding, unless the legs be extended perfectly in straight lines, so as to form tangents to the cylindrical surface of the horse's body : in a word, to resemble, as much as possible, a pair of compasses set astride upon a telescope ; which I conceive to be the perfect model of mathematical riding.

But besides this application of pure geometry, it has often struck me, that too little use is made, in riding, of the principles of mixed mathematics.

Consider



Consider, Mr. Gambado, the six mechanical powers! the *lever*, the *wheel and axle*, the *pulley*, the *inclined plane*, the *wedge*, and the *screw*; and reflect with what advantage all these may be applied to the uses of Horsemanship. By means of a *lever*, having an elevated fulcrum raised on the pommel of the saddle, an entire stop might be put to the practice of falling; except where the practitioner should voluntarily take a tumble, for the express purpose of studying the Parabola, or Hippopiptic Curve. The *wheel and axle* is already applied in the use of horses, though not in any branch of Horsemanship, except the driving of post-chaises; but is also found so efficacious in preventing falls, that where a horse has been used to that assistance, it is not reckoned safe to ride him without. The application of the *wedge* might, undoubtedly, very materially improve the art of figging. The *screw* might, with advantage, be applied to the direction of the horses head with more exactness, and consequently enable the rider

I

to

to guide his course with mathematical accuracy. The *inclined plane* might happily be introduced to facilitate the backward slide of the rider at the time of rearing, as above mentioned. And a system of *pullies*, in the nature of Mr. Smeaton's, by giving the rider a force equal to the action of many thousand pounds weight, might for ever put an end to the dangerous vice of running away.

By the use of the principles of astronomy, I have invented a mode of taking the exact altitude of any horse, at two observations; and am at present at work on a Hippodromometer\*, to ascertain the velocity of his course in the very act of riding.

But while I boast, and, I trust, with reason, of these discoveries, I must candidly confess that a rigorous attention to theory has sometimes betrayed me into practical errors. When my horse has been pulling earnestly one way, my own in-

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\* From *Hippos* a horse, *dromos* a course, and *metrein* to measure.

tention



tention being at the same time to go another, I have pulled strongly at right angles to the line of his course; expecting, from the laws of compound motion, that we should then proceed, neither in the line of his effort nor of my pull, but in an intermediate one, which would be the diagonal of the parallelogram, of which our forces were as the sides; but have always found that this method produced a rotatory instead of a rectilinear motion. When a horse has run away, I have, to avoid the waste of force in my own arms, calculated the necessary diminution of it in his legs; but, unfortunately, estimating it as the squares of the distances multiplied into the times, I was frequently dashed against walls, pitched over gates, and plunged into ponds, before I discovered that it is not as the squares of the times, but merely as the times. I mention these circumstances by way of caution to other theorists; not being at all discouraged myself by such trifling failures, and hoping, by your assistance, to convince the world that no man can  
ever

ever become a perfect rider, unless he has first made mathematics his hobby-horse. You will pardon this innocent play of words on a subject so serious, and believe me to be, Sir, with great esteem,

Yours, &c.

HABAKKUK ANGLE.

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LETTER THE FOURTH.

*To Mr. G. GAMBADO.*

SIR,

**I** Want your advice, and hope you will give it me, concerning a horse I have lately bought, and which does not carry me at all in the same way he did the man I bought him of. Being recommended to a Dealer in Moorfields (who I rather think is no honefter than he ought to be), I went to him, and desired to look into his stable, and so he took me in; with a long whip in his hand, which he said was to wake the horses that  
might



might perhaps be asleep, as they were but just arrived from a long journey, coming fresh from the breeders in the North. There were some fine looking geldings, I thought, and I pitched upon one that I thought would suit me; and so he was saddled, and I desired the Dealer to mount him, and he did, and a very fine figure the gelding cut; and so the people in the street said; and a decent man, in a scratch wig, said, the man that rode him knew how to make the most of him; and so I bought him. But he goes in a different manner with me, for instead of his capering like a Trooper, he hangs down his head and tail, and neither whip nor spur can get him out of a snail's gallop. And I want to know whether by law I must keep him, as he is not certainly the horse I took him for; and therefore I ought to have my money again.

The Limner in our lane was with me when I bought him, and has taken a picture of him as he was with the Dealer on his back, and

K

another

another as he now goes with me upon his back ;  
by which you will see the difference, and judge  
better how to advise me upon it.

I am, Sir, your humble Servant,

TOBIAS HIGGINS.

LAVENDER ROW, SHOREDITCH.

Please to direct to Mr. *T. H.* Back-maker ; or it may go  
to my Namefake, the Turncock.

*Reply to Letter the Fourth.*

S I R,

**U**PON a strict examination of the two pictures  
by the Limner in your lane, I am clear  
you are in possession of the identical horse you  
intended to purchase, although he does not exhibit  
quite so much agility under you, or make so  
tearing a figure as when mounted by Mr. —  
who I am well acquainted with, and who, you may  
depend upon, is as honest a man as any that deals in  
horse flesh. You could have no right to return  
the horse if he went no better than one with his  
legs





*of the ... ..*

*... ..*

whether as he now goes with me upon his back; by which you will see the difference, and judge better here to, than to see more so.

I am, Sir, your humble Servant,

THOMAS HIGGINS.

London this 10th of November.

Postscript. — I have to Mr. Rack-maker, or if it may be to Mr. Tinsley, or Mr. Tinsley.

Dear Sir,

UNLESS I have misinterpreted of the two pictures in the picture in your hand, I am clear that the composition of the identical horse you are sending me, although he does not exhibit any of the same signs, under your, or make to show, I have, as before mentioned by Mr. — who I am well acquainted with, and who you may depend upon, that I mean as any that deals in horse sale. I am sure I have no right to return the horse if he were not better than one with his legs





*W. Cunliffe del.*

*How to make the most of a Horse!*

LONDON, Publish'd March 25, 1791 by W. DICKINSON, N<sup>o</sup> 24 Old Bond Street.







legs tied. You stand in the predicament of Lord P——, who gave twenty guineas for Punch, and when he found he could not make him speak, prosecuted the Puppet-shew-man; but my Lord Chief Justice adjudged the man to keep his money, and my Lord, his Punch, although he could not get a word out of him.

My opinion is, Sir, as you ask it: that the decent man in the scratch wig made a very sensible remark, when he observed, that my friend Mr. —— knew how to make the most of a horse, and I am satisfied that you, Sir, know with equal facility, how to make the least of one.

I am, Sir, your humble Servant,

G. GAMBADO.

*P. S.* I am sorry to add, my Maid tells me, that two shillings out of your five were very bad ones.

LETTER

## LETTER THE FIFTH.

*To G. GAMBADO, Esq.*

S I R,

**A**S I confider you, both from your fituation and eminence in the fcience of Horfemanfhip, as the fuperior and patron of all Riding Mafters, permit me, an humble member of that honourable profeflion, to request your countenance in my endeavours to diffufe the noble and ufeful accomplifhment over the whole kingdom.

It is well known that many of his Majefty's faithful fubjects, whofe occupations oblige them daily to figure as Equeftrians; fo far from having been inftructed in the art of Riding, are totally ignorant that any fuch art, or rather fcience, exifts. For the benefit of thefe, I propofe publishing a Treatife on Horfemanfhip, confined to the lower claffes of life.

The





*Chief of the Red Cloud  
galloping with his spear in his right hand.*

*Engraved from a drawing by J. B. Kneller.*

## LETTER V. FIFTH.

To the Honorable, Sir,

SIR,

**A**S I consider you, both from your situation and connection in the House of Hurismanship, as the Superior and Patron of all Rising Masters, permit me, with much respect, to send you my compliments, and to express my warmest wishes in my endeavours to promote the public and useful improvement of the whole Kingdom.

It is well known that many of his Majesty's subjects, who are engaged in the study of the sciences, are in the habit of having their papers and manuscripts, which are totally useless to the public, and which, in some cases, exist. For the purpose of this, I propose publishing a Treatise on the subject, which is the lower class of the

The





*H. Bunbury Esq. Delin*

*How to make the least of him.*

QUANTUM MUTATUS AB ILLO HECTORE.

LONDON, Published March 25. 1850, by W. DICKINSON No 24 Old Bond Street.







The first part I shall dedicate to the instruction of that very numerous and brilliant fraternity, called London Riders, or Bagsters; who cut, or rather (as my Lord Chesterfield will have it) make so smart a figure in a country town; for these gentlemen, I propose to point out and demonstrate, from irrefragable principles, the handsomest manner of riding behind their bags, with the genteelest method of rolling, strapping, and carrying their great coats. In a short digression, and a few marginal notes, I intend to drop some hints, instructing butchers in the smartest fashion of carrying a tray, whether loaded or empty.

I shall likewise risque a few thoughts respecting the theory and practice of the art of riding before a lady on a double horse, vulgarly termed *à la gormagon*, with some necessary instructions thereon; a due attention to which matters has more than once transplanted a coachman from his box, or a footman from behind the coach, and placed him in the carriage by the side of his Mistress.

L

I pro-

I propose also to devote part of my labours to the service of the fair sex, in composing a set of easy rules for riding gracefully between a pair of panniers, and supporting a butter basket in the most elegant stile; a thorough possession of these attractions may draw the attention of the fox-hunting Squires, and possibly raise the Lady possessing them, to the dignity of Spouse to his Worship the Justice.

That nothing may be wanting, I propose to appropriate a few pages to the art of sitting politely in carriages, with the most becoming attitudes adopted to each vehicle. Among others, the politest manner of airing, *en famille*, in a gig, accompanied with a husband and three children; and, as there is no situation wherein art cannot be advantageously employed, I shall give a few precepts for the most advantageous display of the person on a hay, pea, or dust cart. For the use of both sexes, I had also digested a few hints and directions, pointing out the most solemn and affecting manner of riding in a cart

up



up Holborn Hill, from Newgate to Tyburn; but the late adoption of the New Drop has made them, in a great measure, useless in London; they may however be serviceable to persons under similar circumstances in country towns. As soon as I have put my work together, I shall beg your opinion of it; being, Sir,

Your humble Admirer, and most obedient Servant,

JAMES LA CROUPE.

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The above Work, if well executed, promises to make a very pretty Supplement to mine.

G. GAMBADO.

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## LETTER THE SIXTH.

SIR,

**B**EING informed that you are now at home, and desirous of giving every information in your power to those who may stand in need of it, respecting their Horses, I beg leave to submit my case to  
you;

you ; which, considering how fond I am of the chace, you must admit to be a lamentable one. Relying however, Sir, as I do, on your Philanthropy (I should more properly say Philippigy), and that zeal in the cause which has so long characterised you, I make no doubt but the small difficulties I now labour under will be soon surmounted.

You must know, Sir, I am very fond of hunting, and live in as fine a scenting country as any in the kingdom. The soil is pretty stiff, the leaps large and frequent, and a great deal of timber to get over. Now, Sir, my brown horse is a very capital hunter ; and though he is slow, and I cannot absolutely ride over the hounds (indeed the country is so enclosed, that I do not see so much of them as I could wish), yet, in the end, he generally brings me in before the huntsman goes home with the dogs ; so, thus far, I have no reason to complain. Now, Sir, my brown horse is a noble leaper, and never gave me a fall in his life in that way ; but he has got an awkward trick (though he clears every thing with his fore legs in  
a capital









W. Bunbury Esq. Delin.

*Don't do things by halves.*

STANT CÆTERA TIGNO.

LONDON, Published March 25<sup>th</sup> 1791; by W DICKINSON N<sup>o</sup> 24 Old Bond Street.



capital stile), of leaving the other two on the wrong side of the fence; and if the gate or stile happens to be in a sound state, it is a work of time and trouble to get his hind legs over. He clears a ditch finely indeed, with two feet, but the others constantly fall in; that it gives me a strange pain in my back, very like what is called a Lumbago; and unless you kindly stand my friend, and instruct me how I am to bring these hind legs after me, I fear I shall never get rid of it. If you please, Sir, you may ride him a hunting yourself any day you will please to appoint, and you shall be heartily welcome. You will then be better enabled to give me your advice; you can't have a proper conception of the jerks he will give you, without trying him.

I am, Sir, with due respect,

Your very humble Servant,

NIC. NUTMEG, Clerk.

HINDERCLAY, near BOTTENDALE,  
SUFFOLK.

P. S. I hope what I have enclosed is genteel.

*Mr. Geoffrey Gambado.*

M

LETTER



Two men on horseback in a wooded area.



capital stile), of leaving the other two on the wrong side of the fence ; and if the gate or stile happens to be in a sound state, it is a work of time and trouble to get his hind legs over. He clears a ditch finely indeed, with two feet, but the others constantly fall in ; that it gives me a strange pain in my back, very like what is called a Lumbago ; and unless you kindly stand my friend, and instruct me how I am to bring these hind legs after me, I fear I shall never get rid of it. If you please, Sir, you may ride him a hunting yourself any day you will please to appoint, and you shall be heartily welcome. You will then be better enabled to give me your advice ; you can't have a proper conception of the jerks he will give you, without trying him.

I am, Sir, with due respect,

Your very humble Servant,

NIC. NUTMEG, Clerk.

HINDERCLAY, near BOTESDALE,  
SUFFOLK.

*P. S.* I hope what I have enclosed is genteel.

*Mr. Geoffrey Gambado.*

M

LETTER

*The* ANSWER.

REVEREND SIR,

**Y**OUR brown horse being so good a hunter, and, as you observe, having so fine a notion of leaping, I should be happy if I could be of any service in assisting you to make his two hind legs follow the others; but, as you observe, they seem so very perverse and obstinate, that I cherish but small hopes of prevailing upon them.

I have look'd, and found many such cases, but no cure. However, in examining my papers, I have found out something that may prove of service to you, in your very lamentable case.

An Hostler (or Ostler, for so I believe it is usually written, though I find in the most learned Dictionary in our language, which explains some thousands of words more than Johnson, that it is vulgarly and improperly written Ostler, for  
Ostler,









H. Bunbury Esq. Delin.

*Tricks upon Travellers.*

LONDON, Published March 25; 1791 by W. DICKINSON, N<sup>o</sup> 24 Old Bond Street.



Otteler, quere, Otteler, and this, it must be allowed, appears to be the true word), an Otteler then has informed me, that it is a common trick used upon Baggers, or London Riders, when they are not generous to the servants as the Inn, for a wicked boy will take one of them, as he turns out of the prison, and to pay a lough or stick under his hand, which he instantly brings down upon the horse, and holds it fast, kicking at the same time at such a rate as to dislodge the Bagman that bestrides him. (The annexed Plate will shew how the stick should be placed). *Etten*, Sir, is a horse that lifts up his hind legs without moving his fore ones; and just the reverse, as I may say, of yours; and, perhaps, the hint may be acceptable. Suppose, then, when your horse has flown over a gate or a stile in his old way, with his fore legs only, you were to dismount, and slap your whip, or stick, properly under his tail, and then mount again; the prating man in a little motion will set him on his kicking principles in a hurry,





Otteler, query Oat-stealer, and this, it must be allow'd, appears to be the true word), an Otteler then has informed me, that it is a common trick play'd upon Bagsters, or London Riders, when they are not generous to the servants in the Inn, for a wicked boy or two to watch one of them, as he turns out of the gateway, and to pop a bush or stick under his horse's tail, which he instantly brings down upon the stick, and holds it fast, kicking at the same time at such a rate as to dislodge the Bagman that bestrides him. (The annexed Plate will shew how the stick should be placed). Here, Sir, is a horse that lifts up his hind legs without moving his fore ones; and just the reverse, as I may say, of yours; and, perhaps, the hint may be acceptable. Suppose, then, when your horse has flown over a gate or a stile in his old way, with his fore legs only, you were to dismount, and clap your whip, or stick, properly under his tail, and then mount again; the putting him in a little motion will set him on his kicking principles in a hurry,

hurry, and its ten to one but, by this means, you get his hind legs to follow the others. You will be able, perhaps, to extricate your stick from its place of confinement, when you are up and over (if you an't down); but should you not, it is but fixpence gone. I send you this as a mere surmise; perhaps it may answer, perhaps not.

I thank you for your offer, which is a very kind one; but I beg to be excused accepting it; all my ambition being to add to the theory, with as little practice as possible.

I am, Rev. Sir, your most humble Servant,

G. GAMBADO.

*Rev. Nic. Nutmeg, Hinderclay, Suffolk.*

*N. B.* What you enclosed was perfectly genteel, and agreeable too.

*Note.*

Mr. Gambado shews more good writing, at least more knowledge of what good writing should be, in the beginning of the above Answer, than in any of his Letters. The judicious Reader will observe that the Answer at first is an echo of the Letter it replies to. This is approaching to excellence; it is bordering on the abilities of a Statesman; for so  
the



the Minister's address re-echoes the speech from the Throne. Geoffrey's parts appear surely calculated for more places than one; and I do not scruple to think it possible, that, with a proper education, he might have been on the Treasury Bench; and a very pretty Statesman, I dare say, he would have made.

*Note.*

The Dictionary above alluded to, is a very deep work: instead of its containing more words by thousands only than are in Johnson—Johnson does not give us ten words that are in it—nor does it contain much above ten words that are in Johnson. No family should be without it, especially such as have plenty of young Masters and Misses in them; for it will at once satisfy any little doubts in their unfledg'd understandings, and let them into all the natural, but vulgar tricks and expressions that they ought to avoid. This admirable Dictionary is entitled a Classical Dictionary of the Vulgar Tongue.

*Note.*

If Lord Aboyne should lose his Crest, which I don't see how he can well do, I would advise him to adopt this print of Mr. Nutmeg's hunter, to which his Lordship's motto is finely applicable.

*“ Stant cetera tigno.”*

N

LETTER

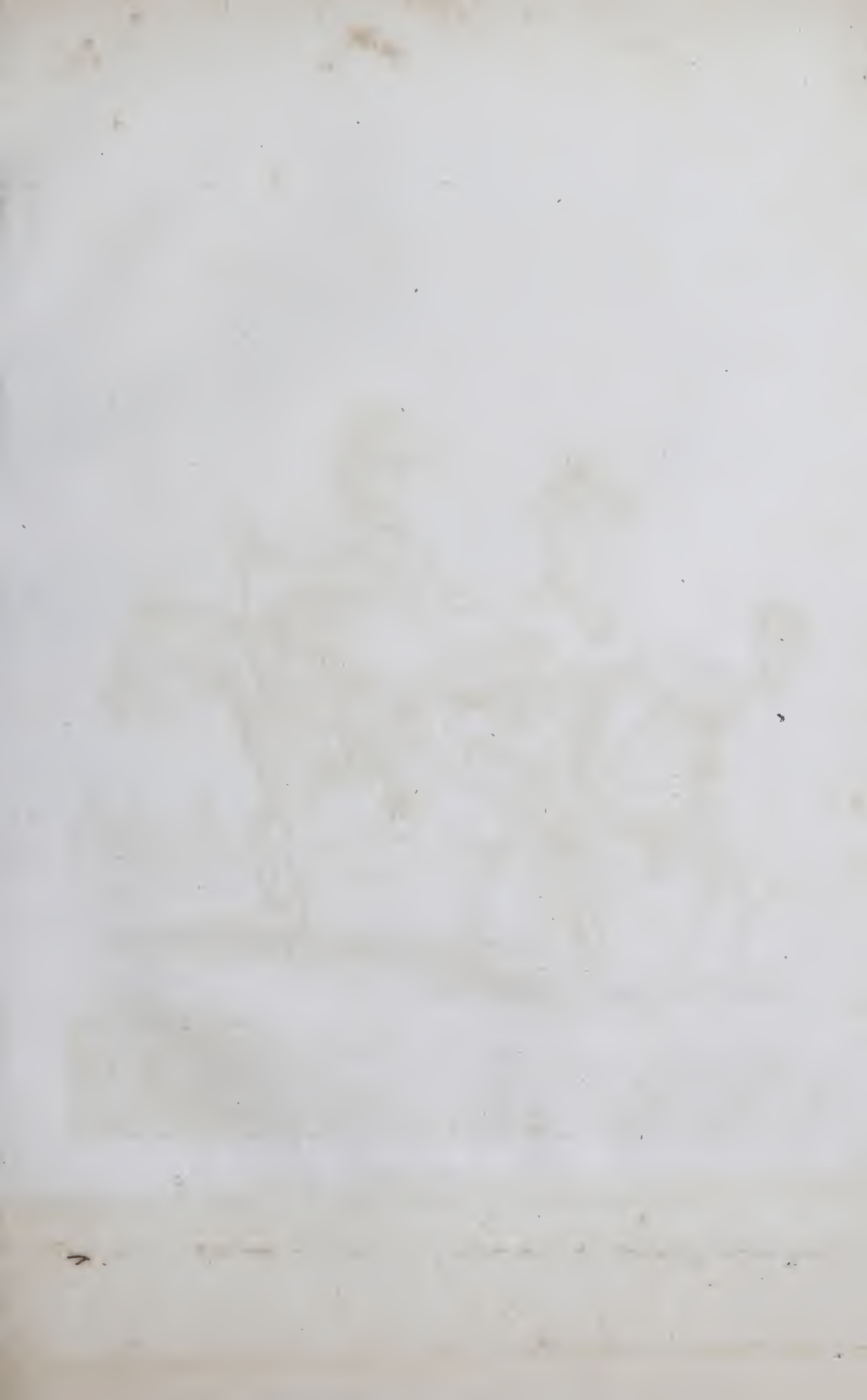
## LETTER THE SEVENTH.

*To G. GAMBADO. Esq.*

SIR,

**H**EARING much of your knowledge in horses, I beg leave to ask your advice in a business wherein my delicacy as a Gentleman is deeply concern'd, and flatter myself that you will sensibly feel for my situation, my future fortune in life in a great measure depending on your decision. I have the happiness to be well received by a young Lady of fortune in this town, who rides out every morning, and has had the goodness to permit me to join her for some days past. I flatter myself I am lov'd; but, Sir, the horse I ride is my Father's, and he will not allow me to part with him: and this horse, Sir, has an infirmity of such an extreme indelicate nature, that our interviews are broke off every five minutes, and my dear Miss S—— will perhaps









*H. Bunbury Esq. Delin.*

*Love and Wind.*

UM PULCHERIMUS ALTER, ALTERA QUAS ORIENS HABUIT PRÆLATA PUELLIS

LONDON, Published, March 23<sup>rd</sup> 1831, by W. DICKINSON N<sup>o</sup> 24 Old Bond Street.

Ovis



perhaps not away with some other Gownsmen who is now securely mounted.

I really dare not mention, in plain terms, the breeding of my horse; but, perhaps, if you look into Bailey's Dictionary, you may find it out under the article of *Ward*. See page 1, Sir, or find me a recipe for this horrid salubrious, and I have had my duty performed. I have had several opportunities, but all in vain, and unless you stand my friend, I shall go distressed.

*Infandum Regina fides rumore delatum.*

I am, my dear Sir,

In a great haste, Your most truly,

GEORGE GREY-COAT.

St. John's Coll. Cambridge.

*P. S.* Regina is not her name, don't imagine that. May I be allow'd to say, I am very anxious for an immediate answer, as the rider is again no longer here.

*Worcester.*

In consequence of the above, I have the use of my  
 Tutor, who has been lately home from the University.  
 Yours



THE ILLUSTRATION OF THE HISTORY OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA



perhaps ride away with some other Gownsmen who is more decently mounted.

I really, Sir, dare not mention, in plain terms, the shocking failing of my horse ; but, perhaps, if you look into Bailey's Dictionary, you may find it out under the article of Wind. Be pleas'd, Sir, to send me a recipe for this horrid infirmity, or I may lose my dear girl for ever. I have tried several experiments, but all in vain ; and unless you stand my friend, I shall go distracted.

*Infandum Regina jubet renovare dolorem.*

I am, my dear Sir,

In a great fuss, Your's most truly,

GEORGE GILLYFLOWER.

ST. JOHN'S COLL. CAMBRIDGE.

*P. S.* Regina is not her name, don't imagine that. May I be allow'd to say, I am very anxious for an immediate answer, as she rides out again on Friday next.

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*Memorandum.*

In consequence of the above, I sent the case to my Farrier, who forwarded directly some powders to Mr. Gillyflower

flower with the following Note. The efficacy being so certain, the trifling indelicacy of the prescription must be excused.

Honoured Sir,

By advice from Mr. Gambado of your horse's complaint, I have sent you a powder so strong, that if administer'd night and morning in his corn, will be bold to say no horse in England shall ever fart again after Thursday next. Shall be very thankful for your Honour's custom in the same way in future, and your Lady's too, if agreeable; being, Honoured Sir,

Your Servant to command,

Jo. WOOD.

At my House at Cheshunt every day. Horses shod agreeable to nature and according to art.

*G. Gillyflower, Esq. St. John's Coll. Cambridge.*

*Additional Memorandum.*

I thought it necessary to employ my Draughtsman, to delineate an interview, between a Gentleman and Lady enamour'd of each other, mounted on horses, labouring under the infirmity mentioned in the above letter. The attitude of the animals, at these times, is admirably singular; and has such an effect on the Rider, as always to attract his eyes towards the tail, to see what is the matter. Indeed  
the



the back becomes somewhat like that of a camel, until all is ventilated. I have seen so many things of this kind, that I am concern'd for the young Lady's feelings, on this occasion, knowing they must be great. But still, those feelings, well delineated, might have as fine an effect as Le Brun's Passions.—I fear, however, my friend Wood, and his prescriptions, will be in disgrace; for a day or two ago, the learned Dr. — of St. John's College (the same to which Mr. Gillyflower belongs), call'd on me for an ointment, to make the hair grow on his horse's tail; and talking about Mr. Gillyflower's horse, he said he knew him; that he had bought him out of the Duke of Norfolk's Stud. I then told the Doctor of the awkward infirmity he had; upon which, he said, he was not a bit surpriz'd, for the horse was got by Phlegon, and Phlegon was one of the Sun's horses he drove in his chariot; and that Phlegon and the other three were all got by the winds\*; so that no Wood in the kingdom would be able to get his windy tricks out of him.

Mr. Gillyflower being a scholar, might have known as much, methinks.

G. G.

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\* Naturum (observed the Doctor) expellas furca tamen usque recurret.

## LETTER THE EIGHTH.

*To the Editor of the Annals of Horsemanship.*

Mr. GAMBADO,

I AM a tradesman, in the middling way, and keeps a shop in Holborn, where you may be furnished with the best hofe, of all forts, at the lowest prices; but being determind to pay every one their own, without fwindling, cannot afford to keep a one horfe fhay, or a gigg; and yet having a wife and daughter grown up to woman's eftate, I could wifh, for quietnefs fake, to give them an airing to Highgate, Hampftead, or Hornfey, on a Sunday, like the reft of my neighbours; but this I cannot cleverly do on a fingle horfe, which is all I keeps. I was therefore thinking, that as you knows all about thefe here things, you might tell me of fome kind of faddle, whereby it might be done, for we are all of us little, and very flight. I therefore takes the liberty of  
axing



axing your advice, and am ready to make you the compliment of a pair of best boot stockings for it.

I think it is a shame the Society of Arts do not advertise a premium for finding out some œconomical scheme of this nature. Instead of which, at this very time, you have a parcel of fellows who go about teaching folks to ride on three horses at once, when as how there are very few, in a moderate line, that can afford to keep half a one.

I am, yours, &c.

TIMOTHY LEG.

*P. S.* I have some notion the Legs are related to the Gambados. I know we are a-kin to the Boots.

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*The* ANSWER.

Mr. LEG,

**I**F you can purchase a very long-back'd horse, the thing you require is very practicable, and by one common, and two side saddles, you may all ride in file, or one behind the other; one lady facing to her  
right,

right, the other to her left. But if your horse is of the short punchy kind, you may manage the matter nearly in rank, or all in a row, by means of two appendages like panniers.

Thus, I think, I can accommodate anybody, who has more than two to be convey'd, and is either possesst of a long, or a short-back'd horse.

I make no doubt but you are connected some way or other with us, I therefore have sent you all the wholesome advice I could. And as there is no contenting all, I hope, at least, the Legs will be satisfied, whoever else may grumble.

I am your Friend and Kinsman,

G. GAMBADO.

Your boot stockings will be very acceptable, as I have a touch of the gout in my knees.

LETTER





right, the other to her left. But if your horse is of the short punchy kind, you may manage the matter nearly in rank, or all in a row, by means of two appendages like pumice.

Thus, I think, I can accommodate any body, who has more than two to be convey'd, and is either possesst of a long, or a short-back'd horse.

I make no doubt but you are connect'd some way or other with us, I therefore have sent you all the wholesome advice I could. And as there is no contenting all, I hope, at least, the Legs will be satisfied, whoever else may grumble.

I am your Friend and Kinsman,

G. GAMBADO.

Your best Goodings will be very acceptable, as I have a much of the goat in my Anus.

LETTER





*W. Bunbury Sc "Delin."*

*He is my Wife and Daughter.*

O TERQUE QUATERQUE BEATI.

LONDON, Publish'd March 25<sup>th</sup> 1791, by W. DICKINSON, N<sup>o</sup> 74 Old Bond Street.







LETTER THE NINTH.

To G. GAMBADO, *Esq.*

Mr. GAMBADO,

THE following very singular affair happening in my presence yesterday, I take the earliest opportunity of informing you of it: in hopes, if any other accounts of it should reach you, my story may be heard first. I was just come out of my parish church, where I had, indissolubly I suppose, united one John Mudd, to one Elizabeth Middle-ditch. I was detain'd some time in the belfry, reprimanding my Clerk for suffering a tribe of filthy dogs to be parading the aisle during the nuptial ceremony; when, on my entering the church-yard, I descried John, rather too sweet upon Elizabeth, and conducting her among the tombstones, under the large apple-trees. I instantly sallied to rout them, which, as I was effecting, I heard a noise

P

of

of a tremendous kind, and looking up, saw (its a fact) a fierce-looking man, mounted on a horse of great magnitude, prancing in the middle of an apple-tree. He showered down the pippins like hail upon us, and, as I saw he was about to descend, I, for fear of the worst, took to my heels, and was home, I believe, in a shorter time by some minutes than I was the Sunday before, when there was a danger of a turbot's being overdrest. The parish have taken it up ; and, I understand, stories of the turbot are handed about, to hurt me with the Bishop ; and this last business of the apple-tree, is turn'd into very shameful scandal. But the above is truth, I am ready to affirm. I have since heard, that the figure and horse came to the earth, and flying over the church-yard wall, were seen no more. I have put some of the pippins in brandy (not for eating), as no doubt they will fetch a high price when this story is publickly known. I am told also, that after my taking to flight, John and his Mate return'd under the apple-tree, no more dismay'd



dismay'd than if they had seen a common man a horseback.

I am, Sir, most assuredly yours,  
G. TACKEM.

Whether this was somewhat preternatural or no, I cannot determine. I am a good deal stagger'd in my belief, and dare not, at present, make publick my opinions. But I should be glad to hear yours. I have, however, determin'd to have the apple-trees down.

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#### MY OBSERVATIONS.

This is very hard upon the apple-trees, and harder upon those that make pies from them. The story certainly seem'd surprizing at first ; and being, I confess, a little superstitious, I suspected my Divine was none of the over-righteous, and that either a spirit, or his conscience, frighted him. But the matter was soon clear'd up, by the receipt of the following letter, which came to my hands about five days after the other.

Mr. Sir,

I forgot your name, and so got a friend to direct this to you. I am told you are a useful man, that you publish all  
you

you receive, and believe all you publish. Now, if you can swallow this, you will any thing ; though I'll be d---d if it is not true. Last Thursday our hounds started a hare so suddenly, whilst we were chatting and lolling carelessly, that, by G—, my horse, who pulls like the devil, was off with me in a jiffey. As ill luck would have it, the curb broke, and he ran straight on for the cliffs above the Scar. I was in a hell of a stew, but stuck fast, and pull'd, and haul'd, to try to turn him, but to no purpose ; for he made a sort of a shy towards the cliff, and down we both went, by G—d. As good luck would have it, we came plump into a large apple-tree, in a church-yard, where we swung for some time, but the boughs gave way, and brought us safe and sound to land. I tipp'd my nag over a broken place in the wall, and soon found the hounds again. But the finest thing of all was, when we first lit in the apple-tree, up bounced a fine girl from underneath ; and a moment after, ecod ! did Pudding-sleeves himself, in full regimentals ; I gave him a tantara, and the Doctor ran like a hare. You may insert this if you please, and as it's a fact, you may tack my name to it ; being,

Your humble Servant,

HENRY BOUGLE, Jun.

HUNTSCRAG,

NORTHUMBERLAND.



## OBSERVATIONS.

The above extraordinary affair appeared first in the public paper at Newcastle, and was afterwards copied into those in London; the anecdote of the Clergyman excepted. I own I did not give credit to it, until I received the above letters, which put it beyond all doubt. For one of my correspondents was the person himself who made the extraordinary descent; and the Doctor, who vouches for it, I should imagine, had as lieve it had never happened.

It is indeed worthy a place in these Annals, as a very singular accident; but I know not what knowledge is to be derived from it, except, that a down leap is not so very dangerous, provided you have an apple-tree to leap into: at the same time, such a tree affords but bad shelter for an amour, at least at the foot of a steep cliff, as the Doctor must admit.

G. G.

Q

LETTER

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LETTER THE TENTH.

SIR,

**P**ERMIT me, through the channel of the Penny Post, to address you on a subject I do not entirely understand; and which you, no doubt, from the eminence of your name, are a most complete master of. I have bought a grey gelding lately, which I never had seen out of the stable, but he look'd a very grand figure in a stall, and they assured me he was sound: so, Sir, I bought him, and the next day mounted and rode him to Chiswick. The horse, Sir, I presumed went oddly; and I got the hostler of the King of Bohemia to get up instead of me, and let me see him go. He went extremely well with his fore legs, just clearing the ground; but he lifted up his hind ones as if he was dancing, or drunk: it is the most  
fantastic



fantastic way of going I ever saw ; and I sent, and said I should return him : the gentleman said no--- that a horse could not go too much above his ground ; and if it was with his hind legs, it was better he should do so, than trip before and behind too.

I wish to know your opinion upon this: whether I must take him, or not. I am the joke of the road wherever I go, and the blackguards advise me to ride him tail foremost. I don't love a joke, especially wherein concern'd myself ; and rather than have another cut upon me, I shall cut riding entirely, and sell this palfrey of mine to the proprietors of the Brentford Fly. It is a pity, Sir, that there is not room in the Leverian, or any other Museum, to exhibit the extraordinary motions of Bipedes and Quadrupeds ; which, I think, are often more wonderful than their structure. Had there been such a convenience, I could have sold my horse for a hundred guineas, as a shew ; and provided for a damn'd old Uncle of mine, that is  
always

always in my way. Awaiting your answer,

I am, Sir,

Your most respectful Servant,

R. MORECRAFT, Jun.

SEETHING LANE,  
LONDON.

*N. B.* Having just mentioned what I could sell my horse for, under particular circumstances; I must beg you, at the same time, to understand, that he is at your service for five guineas.

*G. Gambado. Esq.*

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*Memorandum to Letter the Tenth.*

I remember answering this flippant young gentleman. But I could neither make him comprehend, that his horse was afflicted with a double portion of the String Halt, or that he was to give me a fee for my trouble. So our correspondence closed. But the horse is actually to be seen going, four times a day, in the Greenwich, not the Brentford, Fly, with a dog on his back; and so very rare and uncouth is his method of handling his hind legs, that I have never seen so extraordinary an instance of excellence in canine equitation.

G. G.

*N. B.* The



*N. B.* The Public to be told, I am not to be trifled with. This young gentleman never wanted my advice, I dare say ; put me to some expence in letters, about a damn'd horse, which he had better have given to his Uncle at once, for his own riding. I don't love a joke myself.

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## LETTER THE ELEVENTH.

*To Mr. GEOFFREY GAMBADO.*

SIR,

**T**HE following Extract of a Letter from New-market fell into my hands lately, near Chester. It contains an account of so extraordinary and severe a race, and exhibits such an instance of bottom in three horses, as can scarcely be parallel'd in the annals of racing. I hope it comes under the description that will gain it admittance into your publication. I have made much enquiry at New-market about it, and can only make out, that the Oldest Jockies suppose it to be a letter from the

R

Duke

Duke of Wharton to Sir William More, in  
Cheshire, who was his confederate on the turf.

I am, Sir,

Your very humble Servant,

JOHN HAYMAN.

## LETTER THE TWELFTH.

*Extract of a LETTER from Newmarket.*

THURSDAY.

“ **T**HIS Day the following horses started for  
the King's Plate: Lord Godolphin's b. H.  
Shakespear, by his Arabian, out of a True Blue  
Mare; Lord Portmore's b. H. Looby, by Bright's  
Arabian, out of a Partner Mare; Mr. Panton's  
chef. H. Partner, by the Lonsdale Arabian, out of  
a sister to Bonny Black. The betts were 2 to 1, the  
field against Shakespear.

1st. Heat. Shakespear took the lead, and sup-  
ported



ported it at his usual deep rate, thro' the furzes, to the top of Choakjade, with Looby in his quarters all the way ; but, in coming down the hill, he ran up to him, and they disputed the lead every inch, to the three mile post, where Looby gain'd about half a length, and kept it, till they came over-against the Well Gap ; but before they reach'd the distance post, it was impossible to discern which was first, and they ran in so close together, that it could not be decided which won. Partner laid by, pull'd up, and walk'd in.

2d. Heat. Partner made all the play for the first two miles ; and Looby, perceiving that Shakespear did not intend to call upon him, begun to be very busy along the ditch, and gave him so much trouble upon the flat, that just as they enter'd the cords, they were both at laps, and ran it every yard in ; but Looby being distressed by the severity of this, and the first heat, was forc'd to submit to his adversary, though with great honor, by half a neck. This rais'd the odds to 3 to 1 Shakespear did not win ; which were accepted by the judicious part of the turf,

turf, who relied on the Godolphin blood, and the honesty of the True Blues. Shakespear went away briskly the 3d Heat, closely pursu'd by Partner, while Looby lay too far behind, to profess disputing this heat, as he had bravely done the two first. They were now in the third mile, and Partner had never attempted to take the lead; for, as he was conscious he had the foot, though not the stoutness of Shakespear, he intended to reserve his push as long as possible; but Shakespear being aware of that, and trusting to his bottom, began to make running as he crost the ruts, and display'd all his power upon the flat, with good resolution: but could not conquer his adversary, till the rising ground from the distance to the winning post, by means of his superior strength, declar'd the contest in his favour, by half a length, hard run. This brought the betts to even money, Shakespear against the field.

The 4th Heat they all jump'd off at score, and ran the first two miles as if they intended to tear one another to pieces; they then slackened their pace,  
and



and came gently together to the flat, when they ran at the top of their speed above half a mile, in which they prevail'd by turns; whilst new wagers echoed from the Betting Gap and cords every moment. And now Shakespear having indulg'd a little pull, in order to have something in hand at coming in, was thrown two lengths behind, and the other two continued close together, stuck and cut every yard, when he made a loose, as his last effort, and catch'd them within twenty yards of the ending post, dead run, and their riders almost exhausted; when Partner broke down, and Looby yielded the victory, scarcely by half the head, and with it his life, for he died immediately after the heat.

“The weather is extremely fine, abundance of good company, and the battle was so equal, that the vanquish'd disdain'd to mourn, and the victor refus'd to triumph.

*Entered for the Mare's Plate to-morrow.*

Juliet, full sister to Shakespear.

Cordelia, by Cyprus, out of Bonny Black.

S

Violante

Violante, by Bay Bolton, out of a Snake Mare.

Camilla, by the Curwen b. Barb. out of Roxana's dam.

Rosalinde, by Childers, out of Brockels by Betty.

And my chef. Mare, Arethusa.

“ The chief betts at present are ; even money my mare and Juliet against the field. They are all in fine condition, and it will undoubtedly be a smoking heat, for I shall order my mare to go off at score, and run it every yard ; you know she'll come through without a pull. As soon as the battle is over, I'll send you an account of the victory by Tom, and am extremely sorry that your indisposition detains you from your favourite diversion, the turf.

“ Hannibal is fallen lame, and your horse will win hollow on Saturday. Victim has paid forfeit to my young horse, and I have match'd him with Pluto for a thousand.”



## OBSERVATION.

This was a race indeed, and worthy recording in my Annals. Many thanks to the Correspondent who communicated it.

G. G.

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LETTER THE THIRTEENTH.

*To G. GAMBADO, Esq.*

GOOD SIR,

I AM in great haste, having a great quickness of pulse, and my bed being now warming; but cannot get into it without informing you how fast I came home from Market to-night, and upon my old Mare too, who was always unkind before as to going. But so it happened. The old Mare, that I could never get to go above three miles an hour, as soon as ever I was up, set off, and the devil could not stop her till she got home—ten miles in about 58 minutes. I'm in a sweat yet.  
But

But I have found out her motive, and now the Public may make use of it—I had bought a couple of lobsters to carry home, had their claws tied up, and put one in each of my great coat pockets—Well, the old gentleman in my right pocket (a cunning one, I warrant him) somehow or another contrived to disengage his hands, and no doubt soon applied them to the old Mare's side, and, I imagine, had got fast hold of a rib by the time I reach'd the 1st mile-stone; for she was mad I thought, and my hat and wig were gone in a twinkling—(a wig made by the man who advertises they never fly off the ears—a rascal—wigs may now be universally complained of). However, when I got off, and had taken a little breath, I went into the kitchen to unload, but mist one of my lobsters; so I run back into the stable, and there was the hero hanging at the old Mare's side: she'd had enough of it, and so stood quiet. I eat the soldier to-day, and had like to have died of laughing the whole time. Now, don't you think  
a lobster





*Wanda-ma-hi-hi-hi-hi-hi-hi*

THE END OF THE WORLD

THE END OF THE WORLD

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a lobster





*H. Bunbury Esq. Delin.*

*How to make the Mare to Go.*

· NON QUO SED QUOMODO

LONDON Published March 25<sup>th</sup> 1791 by W DICKINSON N<sup>o</sup> 24 Old Bond Street







a lobster might turn to account where a horse is a little dull or fo—mind me—if one of these fellows is not worth more than a dozen pair of Mr. Moore's best spurs—I'm a Dutchman—for I have wore out a dozen upon the aforefaid mare in the course of the fifteen last years. Its easily done, only putting no handcuffs on them, and they'll soon go to work and do your business. Pray, Sir, don't you think they might be of use to the light dragoons?

I thought myself bound to inform you of this, as hoping it would prove a great national discovery: I mean to keep lobsters on purpose, for its cheaper than buying a horse instead of my old mare; and I can go faster with one of them in my pocket than I could post. When my boys come home from school, to hunt in the forest, I mean to treat each of them with a crawfish for his poney, and then, I think, we shall head the field.

I am, Sir, yours, ever in haste,

PETER PUFFIN.

T

LETTER

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LETTER THE FOURTEENTH.

Mr. GAMBADO,

I HAVE just received the inclosed letter. As it seems worthy publication, I beg you would insert it in the Annals of Horsemanship, which I hear you are going to bring out.

I am your humble Servant,

R. TATTERSHALL.

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SIR,

AS I cannot conveniently attend in person at your celebrated Repository at London, and being in great want of such a kind of horse, as I shall specify below, and as I presume in your own Stud you have more than one, such once victorious Steed on the Turf, though superannuated  
for



for the Race, yet capable of easy Road exercise (and the Writer here pretends to be as good an Horse-master as any in the Universe), I confide on your suppos'd candour to excuse this liberty, after much debating in my mind, to write immediately to yourself (having heard last summer Mr. Score, a Flint-merchant, speak much to your praise, who dines, he said, often at your Ordinary). I hope, therefore, you will indulge a Stranger's request, as most probably you may have such a Steed (in your own Stud) to dispose of; which will be esteemed a singular favour to your unknown, at present, though

Very humble Servant,

SAMUEL LANGLEY, (D.D.)

Wanted an Horse, M. or G. of size and strength, that has figured on the Turf, that will be sold cheap, as being in years, but not past gentle road use, perfectly quiet and temperate, whose paces are smooth and easy to the Rider, and free from all vice.

P. S. If

*P. S.* If an Horse be recommended, I had rather he had covered, if he will be ridden on the road in company with a Mare, and be quiet as a Gelding. But I shall not approve of one, either blind, lame, or broken-winded. Stiffness at starting I shall not regard it, nor his Age, though in his Teens, if his constitution be good, and he can feed well, and yet go well, and safely to the Rider.

A line (and I pray such compliments may be speedily vouchsafed me) of the Size, Age, Pedigree, Colour, and his Performances, with his lowest Price, will be immediately attended to. If I approve of the account, and the terms, I shall send to buy and ride him down. The distance is about 142 miles (measured), which he may perform, in 3 or 4 days, as you shall advise.

*The Rev. Dr. Langley,  
Checkley, near Cheadle, Staffordshire.*

CHECKLEY, May, 14, 1789.

LETTER



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LETTER THE FIFTEENTH.

To Mr. GAMBADO.

SIR,

I HAVE long lamented that Riding should be attended with such expence ; and see no reason why many articles attending it, which cost money, might not as well be dispensed with as not. If a Gentleman, when his Bills are brought in, is somewhat put to it, to pay for Hay and Corn (which, by the bye, are necessary, or his Horses would be no better than Jack-Asses), why should he be so very extravagant in the article of Leather? Your Gentleman now-a-days, must have to his bridle, two head stalls, and two reins ; to his saddle, two flaps on each side, two girths, a crupper or a breast-plate—perhaps both, not forgetting a martingale, with its appendages. I have

U

actually

actually seen a young Cockader, about town, with a breast plate on his horse, that threw his saddle forwards, merely to be tasty; whilst his Companion's nag, who flit his girths, had a crupper on like a Dragoon's. But, Sir, these Chaps are not confined to their expenditure in leather—Only observe the buckles and studs, &c. that ornament their trappings—Not a bridle, but would furnish a dozen of knives and forks—nor a saddle that has not a tea-kettle and lamp upon it.

Our Forefathers never rode in this way, and I am happy that I foresee a Revolution is at hand.

It is needless to reprobate such expence, as the Sadler's bill probably brings in the punishment along with it.

Whether Adam, or Cain, or Abel ever rode, it does not appear; but they had Horses, and Dogs, and Foxes, and Hares; and why are we not to suppose that they went a hunting, and had as good sport as we have (nay, better: for they had

no





*Portrait of a Gentleman on Horseback*

*By Sir Isaac Newton*

*Engraved by J. Smith*

## OF HORSEMANSHIP.

There is a young Cockader, about town, who has a small plate on his horse, that threw his saddle forwards, merely to be tasty; whilst his Companion's nag, who slip his girths, had a crupper on like a Dragoon's. But, Sir, these Chaps are not confined to their expenditure in leather—Only observe the buckles and studs, &c. that ornament their trappings—Not a bridle, but would furnish a dozen of knives and forks—nor a saddle that has not a tea-kettle and lamp upon it.

Our Forgers never rode in this way, and I am happy that I foresee a Revolution is at hand.

It is needless to reprobate such expence, as the Smelter's bill probably brings in the punishment along with it.

Whether Adam, or Cain, or Abel ever rode, it does not appear; but they had Horses, and Dogs, and Flocks, and Herds; and why are we not to suppose that they were a hunting, and had as good sport as we have now, better for they had

no





*H. Bunbury Esq. Delin.*

*How to prevent a Horse slipping his Girths.*

NON SIBI, SED PATRIA.

LONDON, Published March 25<sup>th</sup> 1791, by W. DICKINSON, N<sup>o</sup> 24 Old Bond Street.







no Huntsmen)? They must, however, have rode without saddles, it is pretty clear.

I do not find that these superfluities were held in much esteem in the time of the Romans. Raphael, in his picture of Attila, at Rome, has treated us with a Hun or two, riding after the fashion of their country, I suppose. The devil a bit of a bridle have they—nothing but a strap round their Horses neck, which they hold at each end with their hands. Nor are their Nags of the quietest either, but seem to be showing their agility and caprioles to the best advantage. By no means such Palfreys as either I, or you Mr. Gambado, would like to bestride without a bridle, and a good plain saddle too.

One Stanurtius (a very learned old Author), tells us, that in his time, the Wild Irish (I don't understand how he distinguishes the Wild Irish) used to ride in a strange way, but you must admit they had no bridles.

“ Tubarum

“Tubaram fetas, aut equorum auriculas fenistrâ apprehendant; atque dum equi obstipis capitibus quieti se inclinant, equites, etiam loricis aut sagis amicti, mera corporis agilitate se efferunt, divaricatriq! cruribus ephippia occupant.”

Which may be thus turn'd into English—

“They seize their Horses manes, or their ears, with their left hand, and whilst their Horses were thus kept steady, the Riders, even if covered with their cuirasses or sagums, exerting a wonderful agility of body, spring astride into the saddle.”

By this it appears to be very lucky, that cropping Horses, was not then the fashion, or they would have had but little command of them. The Wild Irish now, I am told, have reversed the mode, and taken up the tail instead of the poor ears, which are neglected.

The Tartars of this day, Mr. Gambado, have no saddles, but ride upon a Beef Steak, or a slice of Horse-flesh: which, by that means, becomes sufficiently done for them to eat, by the time they have  
finish'd









*How to ride without a Bridle!*

ERANDUM EST, UT UT MENS SANA IN CORPORE SAND

W. DICKINSON N°24 Old Bond Street



finish'd them *among*. What a delicious succedaneum for a saddle, it answers two purposes at once. If a saddle ever answers a second, it is, of galling you confoundedly.

I have dropt a hint of a Revolution—and I expect one. Let the Huns look to it; a successful experiment of riding in their way, has lately been made in my country; but whether from motives of œconomy, curiosity, or emulation, I am yet to learn.

Mr. John Mason, a most eminent Taylor of Bury St. Edmunds, was one day observed to mount his horse (which stood at the door of a Gentleman's house in the neighbourhood) when the bit was out of his mouth, and, in that manner, to proceed rapidly towards home. My Informant followed him from curiosity; and, from what he could observe, saw no alteration in his riding except that he reel'd a little at times, a circumstance seemingly natural; and although he had three turns to make to the right, and two to the left, to thread the needle through some Mackerel carts on the road, and a Water to pass;



THE HUNTER AND THE HARE  
A FINE SPECIMEN OF THE  
ART OF THE ENGRAVER



finish'd their airing. What a delicious succedaneum for a saddle; it answers two purposes at once. If a saddle ever answers a second, it is, of galling you confoundedly.

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X

pass;

pafs; (where, by the bye, he let his horfe ſtop too long, and drink too much), yet he arrived ſafe and found at home.

Now conſidering the five angles, the Mackerel carts, and his not going over the bridge, which was the right way; I queſtion but ſuch a performance might have puzzled one of Attila's fellows.

As bridles begin to ſhake, ſo I may well ſay, ſaddles totter. The Tartars muſt not think themſelves the only Moderns who ride without them. It was but two years ſince, at Aſcot Heath, that the thing was attempted and atchiev'd over the Courſe there. Two Gentlemen rode a match, and, wonderful as it appear'd to modern Britons, one was ſeen to arrive at the ending Poſt without his bridle, and the other without his ſaddle. The latter Gentleman had not even a Beef Steak to fit upon, nothing but a pair of corderoys between him and the Horſe's back, the ſaddle following him behind like a pillion.

By theſe proficiencies then let us hope, Sir, we  
may



may knock off soon a very useless portion of expence—overtake a Hun, and perhaps catch a Tartar.

I am, Sir,

Your obedient Servant,

JOHN HICKATHRIFT.

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#### MY OBSERVATIONS.

The extraordinary performances of the Wild Irish astonish nobody. I had never heard of a Hun, when I read Mr. H.'s Letter first, and thought he meant a Hum. This may be a pretty way of riding, for any thing I know ; but I am for a bridle and saddle ; and shall not grudge twenty pennyworth of leather to make a martingale of, if it may save some of my teeth. Vale JOHN HICKATHRIFT.

G. G.

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LETTER THE SIXTEENTH.

GEOFFREY GAMBADO,

EDITOR OF VARIOUS LEARNED PERFORMANCES.

SIR,

**Y**OU have, no doubt, heard of a description of Natural Philosophers, called Pigeon Fanciers, who breed the bird of that name, and all its varieties. I was once, Sir, a member of this community, till growing tir'd of Pouters, Tumblers, Nuns, Croppers, Runts, &c. &c. I was resolved to enlarge my ideas, by extending my researches, and abandoning the Biped, to obtain a closer acquaintance with the Quadruped, I became a Horse Fancier. Being fond of riding, and daily observing, in my airings to Brentford, a very great variety of horses, and a still greater variety in their motions; I some years since, set about making a collection  
of



of such as were singular, and eccentric in their shapes and actions, and flatter myself no private museum can have boasted of a more admirable variety, than I have possessed. I mean some day or other to class them, and by so doing, think I shall be able to convince the Naturalists, that, from their form and performances, many horses are allied to the cow, and some to the hog kind. In the mean time, I shall just mention to you a few varieties of this same animal, which I have had in my possession; and which may, perhaps, afford you an hour or two's amusement and reflection.

I luckily pick'd up a Daifey-cutter, by his throwing me down on the smoothest part of the grass, in Hyde Park. I had heard of this description of horse frequently, but could not believe the accounts of it, till I found it verified, by experiencing his accomplishments myself. It seems a problem difficult to solve, how a horse can put forward his fore legs, without bending a joint of

Y

them,

them, or, how he can meet with an impediment to throw him down upon ground perfectly smooth! —but so it is. The Daifey-cutter is admirably easy in his motion, and having once made the experiment, upon, and from his back, I am perfectly satisfied, and now keep him for my wife's own riding.

Of this variety, there is still a variety : this horse I likewise possess, and keep as a curiosity. I imagine he must come from some distant country, although he is nick'd after the English fashion; for I cannot get any native to ride him twice.— I have tried a Frenchman with no better success. All declining a second attempt. This animal resembles the Daifey-cutter perfectly in the use of his fore legs : but, instead of carrying his head and neck horizontally, like him, they are raised so high, that his ears are in a perpendicular line with the pommel of the saddle, and his eyes always fix'd on the heavens. His fore parts, when in motion, by this means, much resemble a double fish-hook, or  
an









H. Bunbury Esq. Delin.

*A Dairy Cutter with his Varieties.*

INGREDITURQ SOLO & CAPUT INTER NUBILA CONDIT.

LONDON, Published March 25; 1791, by W. DICKINSON N<sup>o</sup> 24, Old Bond Street.








*A Man on a Horse, with a Top Hat flying off his Head.*  
Engraved by J. Smith, from a Drawing by J. G. Smith.  
Published by J. Smith, at the Sign of the Horse, in Pall Mall.



an anchor, as thus  and I therefore propose to class him under one of these denominations.

The Threatener is another of this species that ought not to be forgot, and indeed he seldom is by any one who has once possess'd him. By the Threatener, Man himself, the Lord of the Creation, who subdues all the animals that range the forest, is himself kept in fear and trepidation. This ingenious animal has the sagacity at every step to threaten the fracture of his rider's neck; probably with a view to discourage and even abolish the custom of riding in general: and at the same time the good sense not to fall quite down, lest he should accidentally break his own. As amongst pigeons, so amongst horses, there are Tumblers. The feat is, however, performed differently, and varies considerably in its effects on the performers. As the pigeon executes this without any thing on its back; so the horse seldom atchieves it, without somebody

somebody upon his. To the latter therefore we must give the greatest share of merit, who ventures to perform upon a hard road what the other does only in the air, without even a cloud to brush against. The one preferring, it seems, the Milky, and the other the Highway.

Amongst horses I have never discovered a Pouter; but I have had a fine Puffer\*. The noise he made, however, and particularly when at his business, was not pleasant; and I let a neighbour have him cheap, who had a good three-stall museum, and a very heavy vehicle to draw; so that in all weathers he might enjoy the entertainment of his very extraordinary qualifications.

It is well known that there is a horse that is a Carrier, so is there a pigeon likewise. But as it may not be known to every one, I must inform

---

\* The Puffer, if properly kept on plenty of hay and water, and with little exercise, will in a short time gratify his Keeper by changing into another variety, which we call a Roarer.

you,









H. Bunbury Esq. Delin.

*The Tumbler, or its Affinities.*

CAVAT LAPIDEM NON VI, SED SÆPE CADENDO.

LONDON, Published March 25<sup>th</sup> 1791 by W. DICKINSON, N<sup>o</sup> 24 Old Bond Street.



From the same, from very long observation, I find the power of the smell expeditious of the two.

I am, at this moment, Sir, in possession of a horse that has a smell, if I may so call the sense of smelling in a high degree: I do not perceive that he often hints upon points as the dog does, but he makes his remarks with great avidity: nay, so certain is he in following where soldiers and drabs are to be had, that it is with the utmost difficulty I can get him to pass a sign-post; and it requires the most constant of arms and legs to prevent his running into every alehouse on the road with me. These are evident signs of a very fine nose: it is a little inconvenient, to be sure, particularly if one is in haste, but the qualification is valuable. This variety I shall call The Setter, for he has the qualities of the dog so called, and from his propensity to let down his load wherever entertainment for man and horse are to be found. I shall not at present enter into more varieties, but postpone my communications to

Z

another



*The Lone Rider of the Plains*  
THE LONE RIDER OF THE PLAINS  
Illustration by the artist of the same name.



you, Sir, that, from very long observation, I find the pigeon is the most expeditious of the two.

I am at this moment, Sir, in possession of a horse that has a Nose, if I may so call the sense of smelling in a high degree: I do not perceive that he often hits upon game as the dog does, but he makes for a stable door with great avidity; nay, so certain is he of discovering where victuals and drink are to be had, that it is with the utmost difficulty I can get him to pass a sign-post; and it requires no small exertion of arms and legs to prevent his running into every alehouse on the road with me. These are evident signs of a very fine nose: it is a little inconvenient, to be sure, particularly if one is in haste; but the qualification is singular. This variety I shall call The Setter, both from his possessing the faculties of the dog so called, and from his proneness to set down his load wherever entertainment for man and horse are to be found. I shall not at present enter into more varieties, but postpone my communications to

Z

another

another opportunity: only having juſt touch'd upon the horſe with a Noſe, I muſt inform you, that one of my neighbours, an Attorney, tells me he has a horſe that has no mouth. Although my ſtalls are all full, I ſhall certainly purchaſe this uncommon animal, if he is to be had; as, from his formation, the poſſeſſion of him can be attended with little or no expence but the prime coſt.

I am, Sir,

Your very humble Servant,

BENJ. BUFFON.

LETTER



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LETTER THE SEVENTEENTH.

To Mr. GAMBADO.

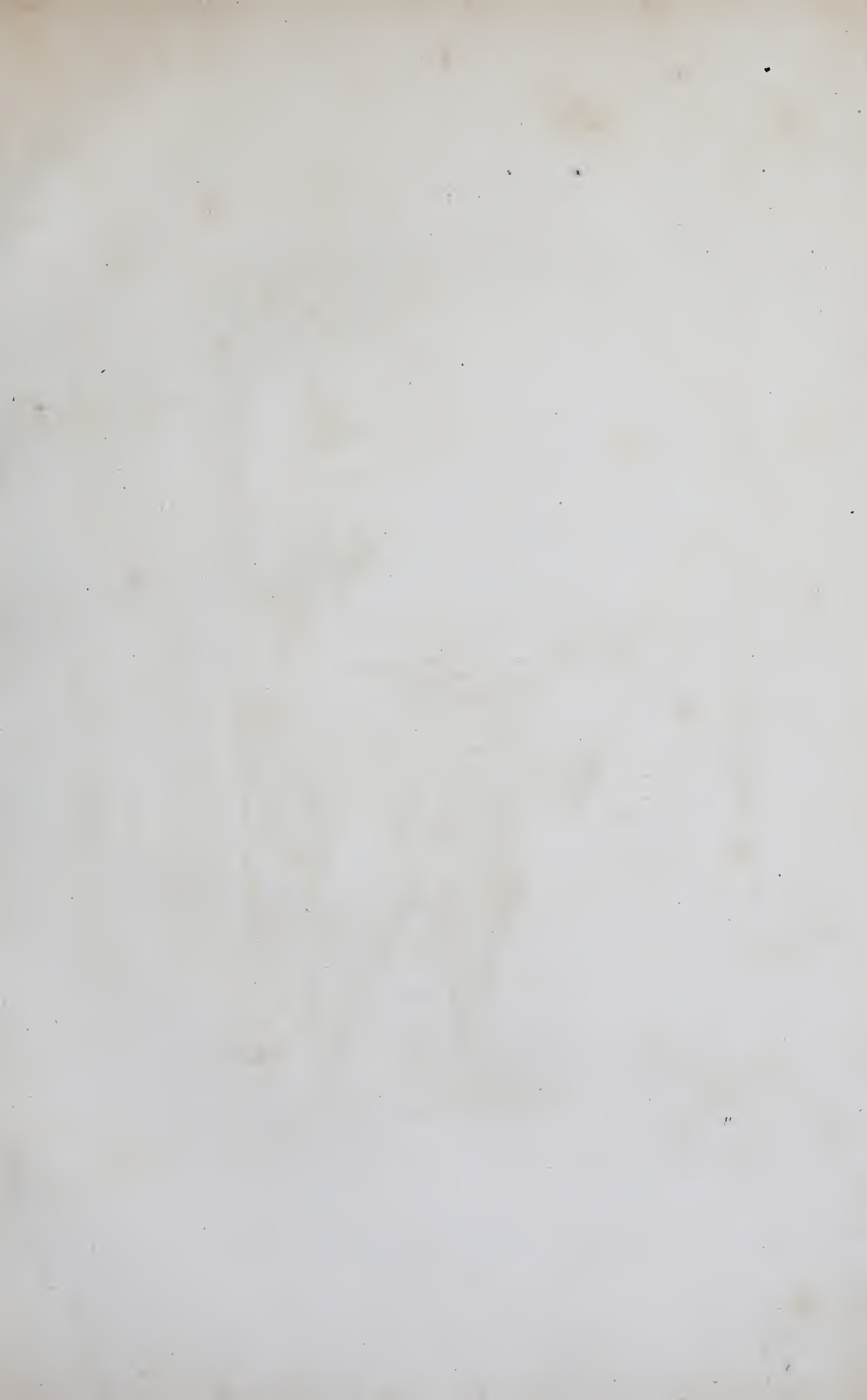
SIR,

**I**NTENDING the following account of a most extraordinary phænomenon that appeared in our parish two days since, for the Philosophical Transactions ; I should not have sent it to you, but that there was a horse concern'd in it, and so strange a one, that I thought that if you were not inform'd of it, you would be concern'd yourself. I have drawn it up to the best of my abilities. It is as follows :

On the morning of the 6th instant, the weather intensely cold, the ground covered with ice or frozen snow, as I may say, precisely at the hour of eight, A.M. as Mary Jenkins (who lives as servant at the Fox and Crown public-house, just on the brow of Highgate

Highgate Hill), a young woman about nineteen years of age, of a fresh complexion and sanguine habit, was lying awake in her bed (Reaumur's Thermometer then standing at only        and Fahrenheit's at        ), she heard a shout of an uncommon kind ; and running to the window, the following phenomenon presented itself to her view. A man, drest much after the manner of the English, but of a fierce and terrifying aspect, seem'd to pass the Fox like lightning, mounted on something like a horse ; but such a one as she had never before seen ; having the head, neck, and fore-legs of those of this country ; saving that the legs were stretch'd out and void of motion ; he was furnish'd with a pair of wings, and his hind parts descended from his head obliquely to the ground. She verily believes he had a forked tail, but that hind-legs he had none. The man sat very stiff and upright, and continued his shouts (which from what I can make out from the Girl's imitations of them much resembled the war-hoops of the Indians), until he turned the corner by the  
Boarding-









Engraved by C. G. D. Delin.

*A Horse with a Vase.*

IN HOC SIGNO VINCES.

LONDON, Publish'd March 25<sup>th</sup> 1791, by W. DICKINSON, N<sup>o</sup> 25 Old Bond Street.







THE RIDE OF THE WARRIORS  
BY J. M. W. TURNER  
1812



Boarding-school, where she lost sight of him. But he was again visible to her naked eye at the foot of the hill; when some fleet falling, he wholly disappeared.

The poor Girl, exceedingly terrified, awakened the family, and was order'd to go to Dr. —, to take oath of what she had seen; which she did.

Being one of the first who heard of it, I bustled about, and got a good deal of information concerning the progress of the phænomenon, and think I can ascertain at about what rate he travelled.

As the clock struck eight, Mary Jenkins saw him on the brow of the hill.

Mamselle Bellefesse, the Teacher at the Boarding-school, being call'd up before her time, and in a small building which looks into the road just at the turn, her watch luckily by her side, saw the strange gentleman pass, precisely at eight and three seconds. She describes him differently from Mary Jenkins, though they both agree in the wings. “ Il me  
“ sembloit avoir le visage de Cupidon avec les ailes

A a

“ de

“ de Pfyche \*”—says Mamselle de B. At eight and six seconds the Blind Beggar, by his computation, heard him pass the Cheese-cake House. At eight and eight seconds A.M. the man coming to sweep the chimneys met him at the finger-post. In a second after, he knock'd down and went over Alice Turner, the Saloup Woman ; and exactly at eight ten seconds, Mary Jenkins saw the last of him. Now calculating the seconds and the distances between each spot where he was seen, it is evident he went at a prodigious rate. Childers would have been a fool to him. But he had wings, indeed, which perhaps may be more useful than hind-legs, otherwise I could not have conceived it.

That there are horses of this kind in nature I make no doubt ; as the Lords of the Admiralty authorize us to believe it, by exhibiting two in the front of their House of Office at Whitehall. To

---

\* Which I learn means—He seem'd to have the face of Cupid and Pfyche's wings.



these horses Mary Jenkins's seems to be nearly allied ; and perhaps by enquiring at the Admiralty we may be inform'd where they may be had. As we lye on the great North Road, I should suppose this, that came through our town, might be what they call a sea-horse, and come from Lapland or thereaways.

If you can throw any light on this wonderful phænomenon, Sir, I hope you will make it public for the good of the community.

I am, Sir,

Your humble Servant,

HIGHGATE, Feb. 26th.

WILLIAM GORGET,  
Surgeon.

*P.S.* I can't get it out of my head the pace the Gentleman went, considering the interruption he met with from riding over the Saloup Woman.

The Parish Officers had a long meeting about this strange man that shew'd his face here. But I soon convinced 'em he had not staid long enough in the parish to gain a settlement ; and so they are easy. But there's great debates in  
the

the Vestry, and in the Coffee-house; and Mr. Figg's shop, yet about it.

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### MY OBSERVATIONS.

I WAS much staggered when I read this account first; but finding, on enquiry, that Mr. GORGET, the Surgeon, was a Barber, I grew easier, and was no more afraid of the North Road than any other—I shall however be a little more cautious of the folks that lye on it.

After all the investigations that have been made about the Phænomenon of Highgate Hill, and the search into all books that treat of Witchcraft; Glanville, and Moore and Wanley: and after all the controverfy that has been entered into by the unhappy inhabitants, which has thrown that wretched parish into more distraction than ever fell to the share of St. Paul in Covent Garden! No Vagrants past on—No Vagabonds taken up—No Turncocks to be found—all the Water at a stop—all the Gin a-going—How satisfactory must a glimmering of light be to these unfortunate Highgates which may open their eyes a little, and restore that harmony amongst them they have been so long unacquainted with.

Having



Having received the following Letter a few days since, I beg leave to recommend it to the perusal of the Nobility and Gentry of Highgate in general ; but more particularly to Alice Turner (the Saloup Woman, if she is still extant), to the Chimney Sweeper, the Blind Beggar (somebody must read it to him), Mamselle Bellefesse, and Mary Jenkins ; being convinced, that if the strange personage they saw was not Mr. James Jumps, it must have been a Conjuror or Cupid, Psyche or the Devil himself.

G. G.

B b

LETTER

LETTER THE EIGHTEENTH.

JEFFREY GAMBADO, Esq.

KIND SIR,

**I** HAVE an extraordinary story to tell you, that happened to me t'other day as I was a bringing two pair of stays to Miss Philpot's, at Kentish-town. I lives, Sir, at Finchley; and a-top of Highgate Hill my horse makes a kind of flip with his hind feet, do you see, for it was for all the world like a bit of ice the whole road. I'd nothing for't but to hold fast round his neck, and to squeeze me elbows in to keep the stays safe; and, egod, off we set, and never stopt till I got to the bottom. He never moved a leg didn't my horse, but slided promiscuously, as I may say, till he oversate somebody on the road; I was too flurriesome to see who; and the first body I see'd it was





## LETTER THE EIGHTEENTH.

JERREY GAMBADG, Esq.

SIR,

I HAVE an extraordinary story to tell you, that happened to me y<sup>e</sup>ther day as I was a bringing a parcel of fowls to Miss Philpot's, at Kentish-town. I drove, Sir, at Fenchurch; and asop of Highgate Hill my horse makes a kind of slip with his hind feet, do you see, for it was for all the while like a bit of ice the whole road. I'd nothing else but to hold fast round his neck, and to squeeze my knees in to keep the horse side; and, good, all the while, and never stops till I got to the bottom. He never moved a leg didn't my horse, but shak'd gradually, as I may say, till he was quite lame on the road; I was too flurried to see who, and the first lady I see'd it was





*H. Bunbury Esq. Delin.*

*How to travel upon two Legs in a Frost.*

OSTENDUNT TERRIS HUNC TANTUM FATA NEQUE ULTRA ESSE FINENT.

LONDON, Publish'd March 25<sup>th</sup> 1791 by W. DICKINSON N<sup>o</sup> 24 Old Bond Street.







was a poor man axing charity in a hat. My horse must have had a rare bit of bone in his back, and I fit him as stiff as buckram.

Your Honour's obedient Servant,

JAMES JUMPS.

### F I N I S.

#### E R R A T A.

To the Editor, page vi. line 18. Page blank, *read*, page 7.  
 Geoffrey Gambado to the Reader, p. xiii. line 11. for these, *read*, those.  
 Page 11. line 10. for Lemma's, *read*, Angle's.  
 — 20. line 1. for Query, *read*, Quere.  
 — 42. line 17. for did, *read*, old.  
 Ibid. for Bougle, *read*, Beagle.

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